

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 15-18 and 24-31 are pending. Please amend claims 15 and 24 as follows, without acquiescence or prejudice to pursue the original claims in a related application. Claims 32-46 are added as set forth below. No new matter has been added. A complete listing of the current pending claims is provided below and supersedes all previous claims listing(s).

1-14. (Cancelled)

15. (Currently Amended) An apparatus comprising:

means for dividing p pins of an integrated circuit into n groups;

means for logically associating the pins of each group through an ExOR matrix; and

means for driving a plurality of scan chains in the integrated circuit with the logically associated pins, wherein the scan chains are driven by ExORing the pins from the n groups.

16. (Original) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein said means for logically associating the pins further comprises:

means for generating $(p/n)^n$ logical associations, where p is the number of pins, and n is the number of groups of pins.

17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the number of scan chains is equal to the number of logical associations.

18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the ExOR matrix has n dimensions.

19-23. (Cancelled)

24. (Currently Amended) An article of manufacture comprising:

a computer readable medium storing a computer program comprising:

code for dividing p pins of an integrated circuit into n groups;

code for logically associating the pins of each group through an ExOR matrix; and

code for driving a plurality of scan chains in the integrated circuit with the logically associated pins, wherein the scan chains are driven by ExORing the pins from the n groups.

25. (Original) The medium of claim 24, wherein said code for logically associating the pins further comprises:

code for generating $(p/n)^n$ logical associations, where p is the number of pins, and n is the number of groups of pins.

26. (Original) The medium of claim 24, wherein the number of scan chains is equal to the number of logical associations.

27. (Original) The medium of claim 24, wherein the ExOR matrix has n dimensions.

28. (Previously Presented) A method comprising:
dividing p pins of an integrated circuit into n groups;
logically associating the pins of each group through an ExOR matrix; and
driving a plurality of scan chains in the integrated circuit with the logically associated pins,
wherein the scan chains are driven by ExORing the pins from the n groups.

29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28, wherein said logically associating the pins further comprises:

generating $(p/n)^n$ logical associations, where p is the number of pins, and n is the number of groups of pins.

30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the number of scan chains is equal to the number of logical associations.

31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 28, wherein the ExOR matrix has n dimensions.

32. (New) A method comprising:
dividing pins of an integrated circuit into a first group and a second group;
logically associating each pin of the first group to each pin of the second group; and
generating a scan chain in the integrated circuit for each logical association of pins, wherein the scan chain is driven by logically associating the pins from the two groups.

33. (New) The method of claim 32, further comprising:

driving the scan chains with the logical association of pins.

34. (New) The method of claim 33, wherein the first group has n number of pins, the second group has m number of pins, and the logical association of pins drives $n*m$ scan chains.

35. (New) The method of claim 32, wherein logically associating comprises:
performing an exclusive OR operation.

36. (New) The method of claim 35, wherein generating the scan chains comprises:

$$C[i][j] \leq a[i] \text{ ExOR } b[j]$$

where $a[i]$ is a pin in the first group; $b[j]$ is a pin in the second group; $i = 1$ to n ; and $j = 1$ to m .

37. (New) An apparatus comprising:

means for dividing pins of an integrated circuit into a first group and a second group;

means for logically associating each pin of the first group to each pin of the second group;

and

means for generating a scan chain in the integrated circuit for each logical association of pins, wherein the scan chain is driven by logically associating the pins from the two groups.

38. (New) The apparatus of claim 37, further comprising:

means for driving the scan chains with the logical association of pins.

39. (New) The apparatus of claim 38, wherein the first group has n number of pins, the second group has m number of pins, and the logical association of pins drives $n*m$ scan chains.

40. (New) The apparatus of claim 37, wherein said means for logically associating comprises:

means for performing an exclusive OR operation.

41. (New) The apparatus of claim 40, wherein said means for generating the scan chains comprises:

means for determining $C[i][j] \leq a[i] \text{ ExOR } b[j]$

where $a[i]$ is a pin in the first group; $b[j]$ is a pin in the second group; $i = 1$ to n ; and $j = 1$ to m .

42. (New) An article of manufacture comprising:

a computer readable medium storing a computer program comprising:

code for dividing pins of an integrated circuit into a first group and a second group;

code for logically associating each pin of the first group to each pin of the second group;

code for generating a scan chain in the integrated circuit for each logical association of pins, wherein the scan chain is driven by logically associating the pins from the two groups.

43. (New) The medium of claim 42, wherein the program further comprises:

code for driving the scan chains with the logical association of pins.

44. (New) The medium of claim 43, wherein the first group has n number of pins, the second group has m number of pins, and the logical association of pins drives $n*m$ scan chains.

45. (New) The medium of claim 42, wherein said code for logically associating comprises:

code for performing an exclusive OR operation.

46. (New) The medium of claim 45, wherein said code for generating the scan chains comprises:

code for determining $C[i][j] \leq a[i] \text{ ExOR } b[j]$

where $a[i]$ is a pin in the first group; $b[j]$ is a pin in the second group; $i = 1$ to n ; and $j = 1$ to m .